

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

STATUTORY AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the shareholders of Grupo Energía Bogotá S.A. E.S.P.: AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES,

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I have audited the attached consolidated financial statements of GRUPO ENERGÍA BOGOTÁ S.A. E.S.P. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES, which comprise the statement of financial position at December 31, 2018, the statements of income and other comprehensive income, of changes in net equity and of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and adequate presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Colombia's Generally Accepted Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, and for the internal control that management considers appropriate for the preparation and adequate presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, either due to fraud or error; for selecting appropriate accounting policies and for making accounting estimates that are reasonable under the circumstances.

Ibelieve the audit evidence I have obtained provides a reasonable basis to issue my opinion, except for what I will mention in the following paragraph.

Statutory Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to issue an opinion on said consolidated financial statements based on my audit. I have performed the audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing <u>175</u>

accepted in Colombia. Such standards require me to fulfill certain ethical requirements and to plan and perform my audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatements. An audit consists in performing procedures to obtain audit evidence on the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements. The selected procedures depend on the professional judgment of the auditor, including the auditor's assessment of the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements. In assessing such risk, the auditor takes into consideration the Company's internal controls that are relevant for the preparation and reasonable presentation of the financial statements, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate under the circumstances. An audit also includes an assessment of the accounting policies used and the significant accounting estimations made by management, as well as an assessment of the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for Qualifying my Opinion

At December 31, 2018, GRUPO ENERGÍA BOGOTÁ S.A. E.S.P. holds investments in joint ventures through its affiliate, GEBBRAS Participações Ltda., for COP 589,861 million, which is equivalent to 2% of the Group's total assets. Their main businesses are energy transmission concessions, which are accounted for using the equity method, as indicated in Note 15 to the attached financial statements.

Starting on January 1, 2018, said concessions adopted IFRS 15 (contract asset) as their accounting policy, replacing IFRIC 12 (financial asset). This accounting change, required by currently effective Accounting Standards, gave rise to a revision of the implicit interest rates of the contract assets, which replaced the internal rates of return used for the financial assets under IFRIC 12. The audit procedures performed to date at the affiliate were insufficient in order to establish whether the implicit interest rates adopted by management reflect market conditions on the start date of the joint ventures' transmission concession periods.

Opinion

In my opinion, except for the matter described in the above paragraph, the attached consolidated financial statements, taken from the accounting books, reasonably present, for all material effects, the financial position of GRUPO ENERGÍA BOGOTÁ S.A E.S.P. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES at December 31, 2018, the results of its operations and the cash flows for the year then ended, in accordance with Colombia's Generally Accepted Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Other Matters of Emphasis

The attached separate financial statements were prepared in order to comply with legal requirements on statutory information the Company is subject to as an independent legal entity and, consequently, they do not include the adjustments or eliminations required for the presentation of the consolidated financial position and results of the

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Company and its subsidiaries. These separate financial statements must be read together with the consolidated financial statements of GRUPO ENERGÍA BOGOTÁ S.A. E.S.P. and its subsidiaries.

Other Matters

The financial statements at December 31, 2017 are included solely for comparative purposes; they were audited by me and on February 15, 2018, I issued a clean opinion on them.

JAIME ALBERTO VARGAS ZAMBRANO

Statutory Auditor Professional License 81.100-T Designated by Deloitte & Touche Ltda. February 22, 2019

Grupo Energía Bogotá S.A. E.S.P. and its subsidiaries Consolidated statements of financial position at December 31, 2018 and 2017 (In millions of Colombian pesos)

December	31

	Detembe				
Assets	2018	2017			
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 7)	1,128,112	1,569,021			
Investments (Note 8)	28,198	145,540			
Accounts receivable (Note 9)	769,660	543,917			
Accounts receivable from related parties (Note 35)	242,360	152,642			
Tax assets (Note 10)	80,859	180,873			
Inventories (Note 11)	160,581	175,416			
Assets available for sale (Note 12)	722,633	550,941			
Other assets (Note 13)	25,312	27,261			
Total current assets	3,157,715	3,345,611			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:					
Investments in associates and joint ventures (Note 15)	7,184,261	6,951,662			
Property, plant and equipment (Note 16)	10,158,128	9,018,704			
Investment properties (Note 17)	29,781	210,796			
Investments (Note 8)	12,385	14,061			
Accounts receivable (Note 9)	149,523	226,033			
Goodwill (Note 18)	84,618	50,171			
Intangible assets (Note 19)	4,308,278	3,744,080			
Tax assets (Note 10)	109,246	105,820			
Deferred tax assets (Note 25)	67,576	97,225			
Other assets (Note 13)	19,334	24,238			
Total non-current assets	22,123,130	20,442,790			
Total assets	25,280,845	23,788,401			

December 31

		2000			
Liabilities and equity	2018	2017			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Financial debt (Note 20)	1,543,977	153,611			
Accounts payable (Note 21)	475,955	431,668			
Accounts payable to related parties (Note 35)	7	5,604			
Employee benefit provisions (Note 22)	93,803	79,624			
Other provisions (Note 23)	39,443	141,821			
Tax liabilities (Note 24)	47,938	179,047			
Other liabilities (Note 26)	205,892	193,363			
Total current liabilities	2,407,015	1,184,738			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:					
Financial debt (Note 20)	8,081,825	8,730,150			
Tax liabilities (Note 24)	1,164	780			
Employee benefit provisions (Note 22)	148,006	169,514			
Other provisions (Note 23)	229,471	260,918			
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 25)	1,406,726	1,451,903			
Other liabilities (Note 26)	13,583	24,246			
Total non-current liabilities	9,880,775	10,637,511			
Total liabilities	12,287,790	11,822,249			
EQUITY (NOTE 28)					
Issued capital	492,111	492,111			
Share issue premium	837,799	837,799			
Reserves	2,999,690	2,555,404			
Retained earnings	6,189,340	6,090,854			
Other comprehensive income	2,037,511	1,604,301			
Total equity of the parent company	12,556,451	11,580,469			
Non-controlling interest	436,604	385,683			
Total equity	12,993,055	11,966,152			
Total equity and liabilities	25,280,845	23,788,401			

The attached notes form integral part of the financial statements.

Astrid Álvarez Hernández President **Óscar Cerra Jerez** Accounting Manager Professional License 136.393-T Jaime Alberto Vargas Zambrano

Statutory auditor (see my attached report)
Designated by Deloitte & Touche Ltda.

Consolidated statements of income and other comprehensive income for the years ended on December 31, 2018 and 2017

(In millions of Colombian pesos)

(In millions of Colombian pesos)	2018	2017
REVENUES		
Natural gas distribution (Note 29)	2,241,048	2,017,384
Natural gas transportation (Note 29)	1,312,833	1,221,394
Electricity transmission (Note 29)	447,873	339,347
Total revenue	4,001,754	3,578,125
COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Natural gas distribution (Note 30)	(2,014,359)	(1,727,795)
Natural gas transportation (Note 30)	(569,943)	(491,127)
Electricity transmission (Note 30)	(227,299)	(189,453)
Administrative expenses (Note 31)	(181,656)	(137,410)
Other revenues (expenses), net (Note 32)	293,997	69,924
Operating revenue	1,302,494	1,102,264
Financial revenue (Note 33)	105,267	204,011
Financial expenses (Note 34)	(539,057)	(597,670)
Net gain (expense) from differences in currency translation	(52,302)	(35,997)
Equity method in associates and joint ventures (Note 15)	1,055,060	1,029,542
Pre-tax earnings	1,871,462	1,702,150
LESS INCOME TAX EXPENSE (NOTE 25)		
Current	(196,510)	(299,444)
Deferred	110,216	166,189
Consolidated net profit for the period	1,785,168	1,568,895
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Items not reclassified through profit or loss		
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligations	19,203	(22,211)
Net gain in fair value of equity instruments	-	74,486
Items to be reclassified through income in the future		
Difference in currency translation of foreign transactions	454,022	(85,262)
Earnings or losses from associates' other comprehensive income	(9,477)	(499)
Total other comprehensive income for the period	463,748	(33,486)
CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	2,248,916	1,535,409
Consolidated net profit for the period attributable to:		
Controlling interest	1,703,693	1,500,121
Non-controlling interest	81,475	68,774
	1,785,168	1,568,895
Consolidated comprehensive income for the period attributable to:		
Controlling interest	2,136,903	1,527,453
Non-controlling interest	112,013	7,956
	2,248,916	1,535,409
EARNINGS PER SHARE	COP 185.56	COP 163.39

The attached notes form integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Astrid Álvarez Hernández President

Óscar Cerra Jerez Accounting Manager Professional License 136.393-T Jaime Alberto Vargas Zambrano

Statutory auditor (see my attached report) Designated by Deloitte & Touche Ltda.

Grupo Energía Bogotá S.A. E.S.P. and its subsidiaries

Consolidated statements of cash flow for the years ended on December 31, 2018 and 2017 (In millions of Colombian pesos)

(iii iiiittioiis oi cotoiiibiaii pesos)	2018	2017	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Net profit	1,785,168	1,568,895	
"Adjustments to reconcile net profit to net cash provided by operating activities:"			
Income taxes recognized through profit and loss	86,294	133,255	
Income from equity method in associates and joint ventures	(1,055,060)	(1,029,542)	
Financial expenses	539,057	597,670	
Financial revenue	(105,267)	(204,011)	
Depreciation and amortization	402,189	331,072	
Loss (gain) on sale or de-recognition of fixed assets	558	1,246	
Currency exchange difference	52,302	35,997	
Provisions (recoveries), net	56,449	17,302	
	1,761,690	1,451,884	
NET CHANGES IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:			
Accounts receivable	(269,632)	170,390	
Inventories	4,372	(28,522)	
Other assets	3,879	142,456	
Accounts payable	(40,184)	131,205	
Provisions for employee benefits	(1,398)	8,361	
Provisions	(34,136)	210,846	
Other liabilities	(92,614)	2,721	
Taxes paid	(220,964)	(374,178)	
Net cash flow provided by operating activities	1,111,013	1,715,163	
CASH FLOW IN INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES:			
Sale of assets available for sale	-	15,243	
Dividends received	822,550	763,797	
Gain on sale of fixed assets	433	111	
Interests received	90,711	83,594	
Loans to related parties	-	11,662	
Increase in investments	159,633	295,315	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(622,305)	(731,948)	
Acquisition of investment properties	(326)	-	
Acquisition of intangible assets	(502,779)	(414,040)	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(52,083)	23,734	
CASH FLOW IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Dividends paid	(1,116,681)	(908,937)	
Loans to related parties	-	(11,410)	
Interests paid	(453,036)	(573,847)	
Loans received	4,445,239	1,586,008	
Loans paid	(4,388,573)	(1,616,748)	
Net cash flow used in financing activities	(1,513,051)	(1,524,934)	
NET INCREASE (REDUCTION) IN CASH	(454,121)	213,963	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held in foreign currency	13,212	13,172	
Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	1,569,021	1,341,886	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,128,112	1,569,021	

The attached notes form integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Astrid Álvarez Hernández President

Óscar Cerra Jerez Accounting Manager Professional License 136.393-T Jaime Alberto Vargas Zambrano

Statutory auditor (see my attached report) Designated by Deloitte & Touche Ltda.

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Grupo Energía Bogotá S.A. E.S.P. and its subsidiaries

Consolidated statements of changes in equity for the years ended on December 31, 2018 and 2017

(In millions of Colombian pesos)

		E _	Reserves						
	Issued capital	Share issue premium	Legal	For system upgrades, expansions and replacements	Reserve on equity method of companies	Occasional Reserve Art. 130 Tax Statute	Occasional	"Total reserves"	
BALANCES AT JANUARY 1, 2017	492,111	837,799	332,496	125,695	1,184,241	51,917	481,008	2,175,357	
Current period net profit	-	-	_				-	-	
Other com- prehensive income	-		-	-	_	_	_	-	
Appropriations	-	-	-	-	401,886	8,892	(30,731)	380,047	
Effect of ISA sale	-	-		-	-		-	-	
Dividend dis- tribution			-					_	
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2017	492,111	837,799	332,496	125,695	1,586,127	60,809	450,277	2,555,404	
Current period net profit			_	-	_	-	-	-	
Other com- prehensive income	-		-	-	_	_	_	-	
Appropriations					387,584		56,702	444,286	
Effect of Grupo Energía Bogotá's regu- latory changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Effect of associates and subsidiaries' regulatory changes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dividend dis- tribution	-	-	-	-		-	-	_	
BALANCES AT DECEMBER 31, 2018	492,111	837,799	332,496	125,695	1,973,711	60,809	506,979	2,999,690	

The attached notes form integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

	Other	comprehens	sive income iten	ae E	rest		
Retained earnings	Net earnings (losses) in the fair value of assets available for sale	Re-measurement of defined benefit obligations	Difference in currency translation of foreign transactions	Gains or losses from associates' other comprehensive income	Total other comprehensive income items	Non-controlling interest	Total
5,788,996	16,234	(42,439)	1,468,094	225,800	1,667,689	377,727	11,339,679
1,500,121	-	-	-		-	68,774	1,568,895
-	74,486	(22,211)	(24,444)	(499)	27,332	(60,818)	27,332
(380,047)							-
90,720	(90,720)	-			(90,720)		-
(908,936)	_	-			-	-	(969,754)
6,090,854	-	(64,650)	1,443,650	225,301	1,604,301	385,683	11,966,152
1,703,693	<u>-</u>	-				81,475	1,785,168
-	-	19,203	423,484	(9,477)	433,210	30,538	463,748
(444,286)	<u>-</u>	-				<u>-</u>	-
(2,755)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,755)
2,505							2,505
(104,836)	-		-	_	-	(2,470)	(107,306)
(1,055,835)	-	-	-			(58,622)	(1,114,457)
6,189,340	-	(45,447)	1,867,134	215,824	2,037,511	436,604	12,993,055

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Astrid Álvarez Hernández
President

Oscar Cerra Jerez
Accounting Manager
Professional License 136.393-T

Jaime Alberto Vargas Zambrano Statutory auditor (see my attached report) Designated by Deloitte & Touche Ltda.

Action taken by management on the Statutory Auditor's observations

TRECSA

Transportadora de Energía de Centroamérica S.A., (TRECSA) was incorporated on February 8, 2010 under Guatemalan law as the company responsible for fulfilling the requirements of project PET-1-2009, awarded to Grupo Energía Bogotá by means of a bidding process on January 21, 2010.

The Company began to operate in March 2010, and its main business is the generation, transmission, distribution and commercialization of energy, including gas and liquids in all forms and related activities, such as to design, build, operate and exploit power generation plants using any type of energy resource, transmission systems and energy distribution.

During 2018, the Group capitalized its investment in TRECSA for USD 27.98 million, equivalent to COP 84,147 million.

The Company's management will focus on action plans to recover the additional costs incurred in rights of way and force majeure events recognized in the works contracts signed with the Ministry of Mines and Energy (MEN, for the Spanish original).

At the end of 2018, the financial statements recognized USD 8.2 million for the reversion of impairment on assets recognized in 2016. The recoverable amount of the assets was calculated based on the value in use, and the discount rate used to calculate the value in use in 2018 was 6.65%.

Contugas

Transportadora de Gas Internacional del Perú S.A.C., currently Contugas S.A.C., was incorporated on June 4, 2008 under Peruvian law. The Company's purpose is to distribute and commercialize natural gas in the Ica region, in Peru. It may also provide services such as de-

sign, planning, expansion, financing, construction, commercial operation and maintenance of natural gas transportation and distribution systems using pipelines, as well as hydrocarbons transportation systems in all forms. The duration of this concession is 30 years, until 2042.

On April 30, 2014, the Company began commercial operations after having completed construction of the Natural Gas Pipeline Network Distribution System in Ica.

At December 31, 2018 and 2017, Contugas reported retained losses of USD 62 and USD 103, respectively; such losses have been accumulated over the four years and eight months of operation. At the end of the 2018 reporting period, Contugas wrote off losses of USD 103 as an action to partially offset the reduction in its equity compared to subscribed and paid-in capital. Additionally, these losses have reduced corporate capital to less than 50%, which according to the general companies law is cause for mandatory reduction of corporate capital, unless such situation is corrected within one year, either through new contributions, or by the shareholders taking on the loss in an amount that offsets the detriment.

In 2016, the Company signed a comprehensive contract to offer natural gas supply, transportation and distribution services to a new electricity generation customer, whose plant will operate in the province of Pisco. The contract establishes a firm commitment of natural gas supplies for 29.5 MCFPD and the possibility of increasing an additional 29.5 MCFPD under the interruptible modality. At December 31, 2018, the Company had planned to amend this contract in order to consider starting up operations in late 2021 or early 2022; also, the obligation of the customer to pay penalties

starting in July 2019 in order to make up for the revenues from the contracted capacity for as long as the start-up of operations is postponed. Such obligation would be guaranteed by a letter of guarantee in favor of the Company.

The cash flows from this contract will enable Contugas, starting in 2022, to offset the cost of the take or pay clauses in the natural gas supply and transportation contracts, thereby increasing EBITDA and achieving positive results. In this regard, given the planned changes to the contract, the Company intends to amend, starting in January 2019, the gas supply contract, through which we expect to reduce contracted capacity from 44.8 to 27 MCFPD.

Fulfillment of the business plans depends, primarily, on the gas distribution revenues to be produced by the start-up of electricity generation projects in the concession area in which Contugas operates, which have been included in the future cash flows used to measure the long-term recoverable value of assets; it also depends on the financial support of its shareholders. This will enable profitable operations to fulfill the obligations and perform the planned development activities, based on the Company's structure, and to cover its financial costs and recover its retained losses.

Contugas has been making arrangements to obtain a new syndicated loan in the amount of USD 355, which will enable repaying the current syndicated loan, which comes due in September 2019. The new terms of this loan will produce substantial savings, of close to USD 5 per year, primarily due to an interest rate that is 1.75% lower than the current syndicated loan, with the support of a corporate guarantee provided by shareholders, once the government approval process is completed in Colombia.

At the close of 2018, Contugas recorded as cost the impairment in value of the concession assets in the amount of USD 33, as a result of the valuation of expected future cash flows compared to the carrying value of the assets.

In 2018 and 2017, shareholders made capital contributions for USD 47 and USD 21, respectively; of these, in 2018 Grupo Energía Bogotá capitalized its investment in Contugas for USD 32, equivalent to COP 93,186. The share-

holders plan to provide the financial support required for the Company's operations.

Gebbras

In August 2015, Gebbras formalized the acquisition of a 51% equity interest in four electric energy transmission concessions in Brazil: Transenergia Renovável S.A., Transenergia São Paulo S.A., Goiás Transmissão S.A. and MGE Transmissão S.A. The price of the transaction totaled 547.98 million Brazilian Reals (USD 157.9 million).

The four concessions acquired by the Company were awarded by means of public bids in 2008 and 2009 for a 25-year period. The transmission lines length cover 1,094 km, with assets operating at 500, 345, 230 and 138 kV, located in the following states: Espíritu Santo, Goiás, Mato Grosso, Mato Grosso do Sul, Minas Gerais and São Paulo.

At the close of 2018, Gebbras included in its financial statements an income effect of USD 16 million, arising from the application of new accounting standards associated with IFRS 15. "Revenues from ordinary activities from contracts with customers." The energy transmission concession holders, carried by the affiliate as non-controlling interests under the equity method, adopted IFRS 15 (contract assets) as their new accounting practice, which replaces IFRIC 12 (financial asset). This change gave rise to a revision of the implicit interest rates of the contract assets (TER 3.22%; TSP 4.18%; MGE 3.51%, and GOT 4.09%), rather than the internal rates of return used previously for financial assets (IFRIC 12).

Management provided the construction of the market interest rates applied in the asset valuation models of the financial assets. However, due to current levels of uncertainty in the Brazilian market in terms of the accounting application of the provisions established by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) regarding IFRS 15 and IFRS 9, the auditor was unable to establish whether the applied rates comply with the accounting standard.

In order to resolve this issue that affects concession holders in the Brazilian market, we expect regulators to establish a clear basis to determine the variables or components that define the market rate established by the international standard.