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4Q23 & 12M23

Ongoing value generation through a diversified and robust portfolio that reflects the commitment to the strategic pillars of "Gas for the future" and "Transmission of tomorrow"

FINANCIALS



4Q23 EBITDA COMPOSITION

COP billions

69
Energy Transmission

425
Natural Gas Transportation

106

Energy Distribution

210
Natural Gas Distribution

Proposed Dividend

Dividend Yield¹

| Operating Revenues | Operational Income | EBITDA ² | Controlled Net Income | Organic CAPEX ³ | |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----|
| 2,047 | 628 | 806 | 295 | USD 152 M | 23 |
| +11.7% YoY | +8.6% YoY | -7.5% YoY | -61.4% YoY | +27.5% YoY | ω ί |
| 7,978 | 2,629 | 5,197 | 2,593 | USD 422 M | 2 2 |
| +16.1% YoY | +24.4% YoY | +6.8% YoY | -9.1% YoY | +1.8% YoY | ωξ |
| COPM | | | | | |

OPERATIONAL

ENERGY



TRANSMISSION

- Energization of La Loma 110kV in Cesar
- Colectora Cuestecitas La Loma advance of 39%
- Joint control (GEB ISA) of CEY to develop projects of additional >1.000 km in Perú



DISTRIBUTION

- Expansion and renovation in distribution systems Electrodunas
- Growth of 2% in number of clients 2023 in Enel vs. 2022



GENERATION

- Inauguration of solar park La Loma 187 MW of Enel
- 856 GWh/year awarded to Enel Colombia 6 solar I

GAS



TRANSPORTATION

- Increase of 3.0% in total transported volume Mcfpd
- Substitution of Intercompany Loan USD 370 M through Club Deal COP 1.5 T



DISTRIBUTION

- Invoiced volume +4.3% YoY in Cálidda
- Growth of 19.6% in sales volume in Contugas

SUSTAINABLL



Adoption of Articulated Corporate Governance System



COP +135 B of social investment in the last 4



GEB & TGI Top 10 in Par Aeguales Rankina



DJSI⁴ and 2024 S&P Global Sustainability yearbook Inclusion



GFB Financial Results

Grupo Energía Bogota S.A. ESP (BVC: GEB), is an energy business platform with 127 years, a unique portfolio of assets within the energy chain, transport & natural gas distribution, with a presence in Colombia, Peru, Brazil, and Guatemala. It has over 4.5 million (M) customers in Energy Distribution and 4.4 million customers in natural gas distribution; besides an infrastructure of over 19,100 km of electrical networks, 4,781 MW of installed generation capacity, and 4,327 km of gas pipelines including controlled and non-controlled operations.

This report presents variations under the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) accepted in Colombia, of the comparative financial statements for 4Q22 and 4Q23 (3 months).

Operating revenues

| Table N°1-Revenues by busines | Table N°1- Revenues by business segment | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | | | | |
| Natural Gas Distribution | 924 | 1,076 | 152 | 16.4 | 3,690 | 4,112 | 422 | 11.4 | | | | |
| Natural Gas Transportation | 470 | 526 | 55 | 11.7 | 1,705 | 2,005 | 300 | 17.6 | | | | |
| Electricity Transmission | 262 | 306 | 44 | 17.0 | 911 | 1,206 | 295 | 32.3 | | | | |
| Electricity Distribution | 176 | 139 | -37 | -20.9 | 568 | 655 | 87 | 15.3 | | | | |
| Total | 1,833 | 2,047 | 214 | 11.7 | 6,875 | 7,978 | 1,104 | 16.1 | | | | |

Revenues performance by business segment are explained below:

Natural gas distribution:

| Table N°2 - Gas distribution | Table N°2 - Gas distribution revenues detail | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | | | |
| Cálidda | 914 | 976 | 62 | 6.8 | 3,471 | 3,776 | 305 | 8.8 | | | |
| Contugas | 26 | 118 | 92 | 359.4 | 269 | 385 | 116 | 43.1 | | | |
| Adjustments and elimin. | -16 | -18 | -3 | 19.0 | -50 | -49 | 1 | -2.3 | | | |
| Total | 924 | 1,076 | 152 | 16.4 | 3,690 | 4,112 | 422 | 11.4 | | | |

The natural gas distribution segment reflected an increase of COP 151.5 billion (B) explained mainly by good performance in the supply and transportation service, in terms of volume (Mpcd).

Revenue behavior in functional currency (USD) is explained below:

- Cálidda's increase of USD +37.0 M y/y; +18.8% in Total Income, is explained by:
 - Natural gas distribution revenues increased USD +3.4 M y/y (+5.2%), in line with higher distributed volumes (+34.4 Mpcd; 4.3% y/y) mainly in the generation sector from greater thermal power plants' demand, as well as an increase in natural gas for vehicles' consumption.
 - Revenues from internal installations increased by USD +13 M; 14% y/y, in line with the customer's base growth of over 222 thousand (+14.2% in the last year); and for greater Energy Social Inclusion Fund, FISE (for its Spanish acronym) projects' momentum.
 - Higher pass-through¹ revenues (USD +25.6 M y/y) related to natural gas transportation (USD +16.2 M y/y), the network's expansion in line with the 2022 2026 investment plan, and the

¹lt refers to invoiced income that is transferred as a cost to end users and does not generate operational margin for the company.







company's high level of service penetration (USD +9.4 M y/y). These revenues do not generate a margin for Cálidda.

- Contugas reflects an increase of USD +20.9 M; 1,525% y/y, in recurring revenues mainly explained by the industrial distribution revenue reversal due to the unfavorable arbitration award with EGASA², in the fiscal year of 4Q22. Additionally, the following facts contributed to revenue growth for the quarter:
 - TENGDA's connection right' registration for USD 0.3 M and fixed charges sales for October and November according to the contract (USD 0.4 M).
 - Positive margins for the execution of the FISE and Plan Punche I & II projects (USD 2.3 M); partially offset by lower distribution revenues (USD -0.4 M), resulting from the shorter duration of the second fishing season caused by El Niño phenomenon, affecting fishing trade partners that demand natural gas for processing fish in ovens.

Natural gas Transportation:

As of June 1, 2023, TGI changed its functional currency from USD to COP and implemented market risk hedging, FX, on USD dollar-denominated debt due to the entry into force of resolution CREG 175, 2021. Additionally, the new regulatory WACC application from August 01, 2023, went from 10.94% to 11.88% in COP before taxes, according to resolution 102 002, June 07, 2023.

TGI and GEB, based on article 126 of Law 142, 1994, requested the modification of the tariff methodology so that the investment opportunity cost that ends the regulatory useful life period is recognized, as well as the hedging recognition for changes in the remuneration currency. Additionally, an agenda has been managed with Government entities (MME, DNP, SSPD, ANJE) to achieve the aforementioned modifications.

For comparative purposes, the analysis is maintained in USD.

- TGI's revenues by type of charge in 4Q23, are described as follows:
 - Fixed investment charges remunerated in COP during the quarter totaled USD 83.6 M (+62.9% of total revenues), a USD +21.8 M (35.3%) increase versus 4Q22, mainly from: i) the tariff change from USD to COP according to Resolution 175 and the average exchange rate variation (USD 13.4 M) in 4Q23 vs 4Q22, ii) additional contracting with several shippers and conditional firm contracting (USD 6.8 M), and iii) lesser suspensions during 4Q23 vs 4Q22 (USD 1.6 M)
 - AO&M charges remunerated in COP, amounted to USD 29.6 M (22.3% of total revenues), increasing USD +10.6 M (56.1%) versus 4Q22, mainly from: i) additional transportation through detours, transport contracting from several shippers, interruptible contracting and conditional firm contracting, and purchase option (USD 5.9 M); ii) average exchange rate annual variation (USD 4.1 M) and iii) lesser suspensions during 4Q23 compared to 4Q22 (USD 0.6 M).
 - Variable charges remunerated in COP, reached USD 16.5 M (12.4% of total revenues), a USD 2.3 M increase (+16.6%) vs. 4Q22, mainly from: i) change in the tariff from USD to COP and WACC adjustment during the quarter, and ii) transportation through the detour service for thermal contracting, and iii) contracting transportation with several shippers, interruptible contracting and contracting through conditional firmness.

² On October 10, 2022, the Arbitration Court of Peru issued an arbitration award on the case with EGASA, a negative result for Contugas. The financial effect of the court's decision is the recognition of credit notes on Contugas' financial statements for a value of USD 10.7 M on the billing issued to that client and for 4Q23 billing with the said client is not included.



bc ir



Non-regulated operating income, classified as complementary services, showed a 37.5% growth, at USD 3.2 M, mainly due to higher revenues from gas losses³, AO&M charge for the connection gas pipeline in the *Maria Conchita* field, and natural gas transportation contracting for use as raw material.

Regarding income by currency, 100% comes from charges denominated in COP and increased 524.6%, mainly due to the change in the remuneration of fixed charges and variable charges to COP since June 23.

Finally, we are still waiting for the issuance of the final resolution modifying Res. 175 based on the proposal of Resolution 702 009 - December 2022, where it is expected that assets' opportunity cost reaching useful life will be recognized, calculated as asset value by discount rate.

Electricity Transmission:

| Table №3 - Transmission Revenues Detail | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|----------|--|--|--|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var\$ | Var % | | | |
| Transmission (GEB, Enlaza & Elecnorte) | 218 | 294 | 76.3 | 35.0 | 772 | 1,185 | 413 | 53.5 | | | |
| Trecsa, EEBIS & Conecta Energías | 40 | 39 | -1.0 | -2.4 | 129 | 151 | 22 | 17.1 | | | |
| Adjustments and eliminations | 4 | -27 | -31 | -776.6 | 10 | -130 | -140 | -1,352.9 | | | |
| Total | 262 | 306 | 44 | 17.0 | 911 | 1,206 | 295 | 32.3 | | | |

- Revenues from energy transmission reflect a 17.0% growth y/y, mainly from the *Trasnsmisión Colombia* business (+35% y/y), as described in the following highlights:
 - In November 2023, GEB and Elecnorte entered a merger by absorption operation, consequently, the results of Elecnorte (absorbed company) are reflected in the results of the Colombia Transmission segment (composed of GEB Transmission, Enlaza and Elecnorte).
 - Higher asset revenue per tender (COP +12.5 billion; +10% y/y) mainly explained by the incorporation of revenue from the UPME 06-2010 Colectora project (December 2022 revenues were recorded in 2023, COP 9.6 mm), from the UPME 10-2019 Bonda project from December 2023 (COP 445 M), from the San Juan Project revenue (approximately COP 1.3 mm); partially offset by the effect of a lower exchange rate in 4Q23 vs 4Q22. In USD, revenues per tender increased approximately 10% y/y. These revenues are settled in dollars and are updated to the US PPI at the end of the previous year.
 - Additionally, income from pass through contributions amounted to COP 8.8 billion (+33% y/y) mainly due to the increase in revenue participation in the National Transmission System and the increase in energy transported through it.
 - Revenue from private projects increased 73%, (COP +5.6 billion) mainly due to the Drummond-La Loma connection.
 - Asset revenues from use increases COP +11.0 billion; +27% y/y, settled in pesos and updated with IPP Col.
- The subsidiaries in Guatemala reflect the incorporation of the acquisition of the Transnova asset, a transaction completed in the last quarter of 2023 (expressed under "Conecta Energías"). Additionally, a consolidated growth in operating revenue of USD +1.1 M is evident; +13.0% y/y, mainly due to additional revenue associated with self-initiated projects and completion of

³ Regulation allows the transporter to bill up to 1% of the gas losses that occur in the operation.







sections of the PET-01-2009 project. The variation in pesos corresponds mainly to a conversion effect of COP -656 M in the quarter.

Electricity Distribution:

— Grupo Dunas'⁴ income decreased 9.9% (PEN -14 M) when compared to 4Q22, mainly due to a higher participation of services provided by Cantalloc and PPC to Electrodunas, corresponding to intercompany services; partially offset by higher revenues from energy sales to retail and regulated customers.

Operational Costs

| Table N°4 - Costs by business segr | nent | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Natural Gas Distribution | 688 | 774 | 86 | 12.6 | 2,634 | 2,932 | 297 | 11.3 |
| Natural Gas Transportation | 193 | 183 | -10 | -5.1 | 634 | 687 | 54 | 8.4 |
| Electricity Transmission | 85 | 139 | 55 | 64.7 | 304 | 436 | 132 | 43.4 |
| Electricity Distribution | 108 | 47 | -61 | -56.4 | 341 | 377 | 36 | 10.5 |
| Total | 1,073 | 1,143 | 70 | 6.6 | 3,913 | 4,431 | 519 | 13.3 |

Cost behavior by business line in functional currency was the following:

Natural Gas Distribution:

- Cálidda costs increased (USD +30.8 M; 25.9% y/y) due to higher pass through costs (USD +25.6 M; 25.0% y/y), mainly explained by higher costs associated with supply and transportation gas (USD +16.2 M; 19.2% y/y) and higher costs from network expansion (USD +9.4 M; 52.7% y/y). The Internal Facilities cost line grew USD +8.4 M; +91.1% y/y associated with the highest number of connections during the year.
- Contugas' quarterly costs closed above the levels recorded in 4Q22 (USD +3.9 M; 60.0% y/y) due to: i) higher pass-through costs of gas supply and transportation to regulated customers due to higher volumes and distribution rates; ii) higher spending due to an increase in connections or authorizations generated in 2023 (15 thousand in 2023 vs 5 thousand in 2022) and iii) higher project execution costs financed by the state: Aquije and Plan Punche I and II, in the quarter amounted to USD 2.3 M.

Natural gas transportation:

- TGI costs increased by USD +5.9 M (14.5% y/y) due to: higher depreciation and amortization USD +5.6 M (24.9%) because of functional currency change in the financial statements as of June 2023, as well as the effect of the review of the decommissioning liability and the right-of-use liability, impacting year-end depreciation and assets, and ii) higher cost of professional services for USD +1.7 M (43.3%) via salary indexers, as well as the effect of the revaluation of the exchange rate in the last quarter; all of the above, partially offset by a decrease of USD -1.4 M (29.4%) in the maintenance cost due to fewer events associated with emergency care.
- In COP, annual decrease corresponds mainly to conversion adjustment cost in 4Q22 before the change of functional currency, for COP -10 B.
- On the other hand, gross margin was 65.1%, increasing 678 bps compared to 4Q22, in line with higher revenue increase.

⁴ Included Electrodunas, PPC, and Cantalloc.







Electricity Transmission:

- This segment cost' increase occurred mainly due to *Transmisión Colombia* growing COP +55.8 B; (82% y/y) mainly due to: i) rising depreciation for projects that have come into operation; ii) higher pass-through contribution costs, settled as a share of STN income; iii) projects' higher personnel costs.
- The costs of the subsidiaries in Guatemala in their functional currency grew 10.2% (USD +168.8 M) mainly explained by insurance (USD +100 thousand) and O&M related to projects that began operation in 2023.

Electricity Distribution:

Costs at Grupo Dunas in its functional currency decreased PEN -41 M mainly due to a higher share of costs for services provided by Cantalloc and PPC to Electrodunas, corresponding to intercompany services offset by higher energy purchase costs (PEN +2.3 M).

Administrative and operating expenses

| Table N°5 - Administrative expens | Fable №5 - Administrative expenses by business segment | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | | | | |
| Natural Gas Distribution | 42 | 104 | 62 | 146.8 | 383 | 366 | -17 | -4.4 | | | | |
| Natural Gas Transportation | 39 | 46 | 7 | 18.5 | 148 | 148 | 0 | -0.2 | | | | |
| Electricity Transmission | 41 | 8 | -33 | -81.0 | 91 | 63 | -28 | -31.0 | | | | |
| Electricity Distribution | 23 | 4 | -20 | -84.7 | 77 | 74 | -4 | -4.6 | | | | |
| Holding expenses | 68 | 124 | 56 | 81.8 | 199 | 307 | 109 | 54.8 | | | | |
| Otros | 0 | 0 | -1 | -288.0 | 1 | 13 | 13 | 1,799.4 | | | | |
| Total | 214 | 285 | 71 | 33.2 | 899 | 971 | 73 | 8.1 | | | | |

The increase of COP +71.0 B (33.2% y/y) in consolidated administrative expenses during 4Q23 vs 4Q22 is explained by:

- Holding expenses' (COP +56 B) quarterly variation contains COP +27 B (compensated figure in the Electricity Transmission segment) resulting from the merger by absorption of Elecnorte, as well as depreciation of Assets Held for sale (COP +11.0 B) and higher personnel and general expenses (COP $^{\sim}11$ B).
- On the Natural Gas Distribution segment, increases of COP +62 B; 146.8% y/y are mainly explained by the variation in Contugas, which is due to lower administrative expenses in 4Q22 given the accounting impairment reversal (USD 20M), in addition to higher expenses in Cálidda for third-party services.

Other revenue (expenses) net

Net balance was COP 9.7 B revenue, decreasing 70.5% y/y (COP -23.2 B), mainly due to the effect of the ruling in favor of TGI, transferring rights from the Buga and Manizales' operating centers (USD +4.6 mm) reflected in 4Q22.







Adjusted consolidated EBITDA⁵

| Table N°6 - Consolidated EBITD | A by comp | any | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| TGI | 438 | 430 | -8 | -1.8 | 1,467 | 1,696 | 229 | 15.6 |
| Cálidda | 269 | 187 | -82 | -30.4 | 846 | 866 | 20 | 2.4 |
| GEB Transmission branch, Enlaza & Elecnorte | 114 | 46 | -68 | -59.9 | 444 | 490 | 46 | 10.4 |
| Dunas | 70 | 106 | 37 | 52.3 | 233 | 319 | 86 | 37.1 |
| Contugas | -38 | 23 | 61 | -159.9 | 65 | 93 | 28 | 43.5 |
| Trecsa, EEBIS & Conecta Energías ⁶ | 33 | 24 | -9 | -28.5 | 97 | 110 | 12 | 12.4 |
| Gebbras | -12 | -1 | 11 | -93.8 | -12 | -2 | 11 | -86.4 |
| Others | -3 | -9 | -6 | 191.8 | -8 | 5 | 13 | -162.3 |
| Total controlled | 871 | 806 | -65 | -7.5 | 3,132 | 3,577 | 445 | 14.2 |
| Enel Colombia | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 1,478 | 1,164 | -314 | -21.2 |
| REP & CTM | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 74 | 265 | 191 | 256.4 |
| Promigas | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 89 | 89 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Vanti | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 85 | 88 | 3 | 3.4 |
| EMSA | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 6 | 4 | -2 | -29.6 |
| Argo | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 9 | 8 | 607.4 |
| Total non-controlled | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 1,734 | 1,620 | -114 | -6.6 |
| Total | 871 | 806 | -65 | -7.5 | 4,866 | 5,197 | 331 | 6.8 |

- EBITDA from controlled companies represents 100% of the adjusted EBITDA for the quarter and decreased 7.5% y/y mainly due to the inclusion of operating taxes in the EBITDA's calculation at the end of 2023 and the exchange effect given the revaluation of the COP.
- Additionally, the following events were observed:
 - In Cálidda, lower contribution to EBITDA is related to extraordinary income in 4Q22 (USD 10.0 M non-recurring), as a result of the loan-portfolio transfer' contract with IDB Invest, thus explaining a decrease in EBITDA in 4Q23.
 - In GEB Transmission, Enlaza y Elecnorte's EBITDA includes accounting adjustments due to Elecnorte's absorption during the quarter.
 - Partially offset by growth in operating income at Contugas, given the effect of the Arbitration award of EGASA reported in 4Q22.
- Accumulated adjusted EBITDA as of 12M23 presents an increase of COP +331 B y/y (+6.8% y/y). The increase is mainly explained by the positive results of the controlled Companies, among which the following stand out: i) TGI (COP +229 B y/y) leveraged by the implementation of the new service remuneration methodology and higher volumes of gas transported in the midst of EI Niño phenomenon, and, ii) the transmission business in Colombia (COP +140 B y/y) leveraged by higher operating income, mainly from tender assets.
- Regarding Associated Companies, there is a decrease in the accumulated to 12M23 vs 12M22, due to lower dividends declared in Enel Colombia (COP -313.8 B), variation explained by the dividends received in 2022 under the concept of retained earnings of periods previous. The above, partially offset by higher dividends from ISA REP & CTM (COP +190.5 B).

⁶ Conecta Energías incorporates the EBITDA corresponding to "Transnova" transmission asset acquired in 2023.





⁵ Includes dividends from associated companies and joint ventures.



Financial revenues (expenses) net

Financial expenses increased 24.6% y/y (COP +70.0 B), closing at COP 354.0 B, as a consequence of: i) the general increase in interest rates and participation of variable rate debt in consolidated debt, going from 39% in 4Q22 to 65% in 4Q23 as a result of partial repurchases and exchange rate hedges on the TGI 2028 international bond, and subscription of new TGI variable rate debt; ii) the increase in the debt balance given the disbursement of the syndicated loan for COP 1.3 B subscribed by TGI to replace the intercompany loan subscribed with GEB, in addition to the increase in the debt balance of Cálidda by around USD 95 M y/y; and iii) the expenses associated with the international issuance of the GEB sustainable bond for USD 400 M and with the GEB Syndicated loan for COP 509 B disbursed in 4Q22 for the acquisition of 5 concessions in Brazil through ARGO...

Financial income decreased (COP -112.0 B; -66.7% y/y) mainly explained by non-recurring income in 4Q22 from the recognition of the price differential in the partial purchase of TGI's 2028 bonds (COP 14.3 B).

Foreign exchange difference

The exchange difference represented a lower income of COP 71.4 B in 4Q23 compared to an income of COP 96.7 B in 4Q22, mainly explained by the decrease in exchange rates and the effect of COP conversion on TGI (recognition of income in financial obligations).

Equity Method

| Table N°7 - Equity M | ethod | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-------|------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Enel Colombia | 260 | -154 | -414 | -159.1 | 1,292 | 821 | -471 | -36.4 |
| CTM | 43 | -15 | -58 | -134.5 | 127 | 106 | -21 | -16.8 |
| Vanti | 17 | 22 | 5 | 31.3 | 87 | 110 | 23 | 26.1 |
| REP | 30 | 27 | -3 | -10.0 | 109 | 116 | 7 | 6.7 |
| EMSA | 2 | 1 | -1 | -39.5 | 6 | 5 | -2 | -24.5 |
| Promigas | 25 | 43 | 18 | 74.4 | 170 | 154 | -16 | -9.4 |
| Argo | 72 | 49 | -23 | -31.6 | 211 | 233 | 21 | 10.0 |
| Gebbras | 17 | 30 | 13 | 73.8 | 93 | 173 | 80 | 85.9 |
| Ágata | 2 | 4 | 2 | 132.4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | -294.1 |
| Total | 468 | 8 | -460 | -98.4 | 2,096 | 1,719 | -378 | -18.0 |

The equity method (MPP) presents a decrease in 4Q23 vs 4Q22, mainly due to the results in net income of Enel Colombia (COP -337.6 B y/y; 152.2%), as a consequence of the accounting deterioration due to the sale of the "Windpeshi" wind energy project (COP 284 B). Additionally, there was a deterioration of COP 34 B in ISA CTM due to the transfer of the Yanango substation operation, thus impacting its net profit (USD -28 M y/v; 135%).

In the accumulated to 12M23, the MPP presents a decrease of 18.0% y/y, mainly explained by the decrease in net profit evidenced in Enel Colombia due to non-recurring events of the impairment due to "Windpeshi" mentioned and elimination of account receivable of "Chucas" in Costa Rica (COP 119 B), partially offset by the positive results in Argeb's profits (reflected in the table above, under the Gebbras).

Net income

Income tax went from COP 207.3 B in 4Q22 to COP 75.1 B in 4Q23, decreasing -63.8% due to lower income provisions.







The consolidated net profit for 4Q23 was COP 334.0 B, a decrease of 59.2% y/y compared to the same period in 2022 (COP -485.5 B). The controlled participation was located at COP 295.9 B (-61.4% y/y).

Debt profile

| Table N°8 - Debt Profile | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| USD M | 2024 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | +30 |
| Maturity Amount | 522 | 100 | 647 | 982 | 691 | 122 | 1,848 |
| Total | 4 912 | | | | | | |

Faced with short-term debt maturities, the corresponding efforts are being made to refinance $^{\sim}$ USD 345 M due in 2024. In line with the above, Contugas prepaid USD 10 M of the syndicated loan that it currently has in force.

| Table N°9 - Classification of debt and ratios | S | | | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| EBITDA LTM | 4,866 | 5,197 | 331 | 6.8 |
| Total net debt | 18,866 | 16,338 | -2,527 | -13.4 |
| Total gross debt | 20,343 | 18,628 | -1,716 | -8.4 |
| Net financial expenses LTM | 702 | 868 | 166 | 23.6 |
| Net total debt / EBITDA | 3.9x | 3.1x | | -18.9 |
| EBITDA / Financial expenses net | 6.9x | 6.0x | | -13.6 |

Debt balances include amortized cost and differ from nominal balances

During 4Q23, the following operations stand out:

- GEB: the first sustainable international bond of a Colombian company was issued in the international capital market for USD 400 M, for a term of 10 years with the purpose of refinancing GEB's syndicated loan with BofA and partially financing the investment plan 2023-2027. In line with the bond label, the GEB committed to allocate an amount equal to the resources received, in eligible green and social projects.
- TGI: a loan was disbursed with the local bank through the Club Deal modality for COP 1.3 B, for a term of 4 years with the purpose of paying the inter-company loan between GEB and TGI for a total value of USD 370 M.
- Cálidda: payment of the Ioan was made with the Nova Scotia bank maturing on Nov-23 for approximately USD 28 M.
- TRECSA: short-term obligations with Banco de América Central S.A. were refinanced. (BAC) and Bank International Bank Inc, through a syndicated loan with BAC as administrative agent for a total of USD 115 M and a term of 10 years, with a GEB guarantee.
- EEBIS: the short-term obligation with BAC International Bank Inc was refinanced, through a long-term loan with this same entity for a total of USD 28 M and a term of 10 years, with a GEB guarantee.

As a result of the above, the composition by currency in pesos went from 17% (4Q22) to 35% (4Q23) and in terms of interest rate (variable rate vs. fixed rate) the composition went from (38%/62%) to (65%/35%).





CAPEX

| Table N°10 - Execute | Table №10 - Executed and annual projected CAPEX | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| USD M | 4Q23 | 12M23 | 2024P | 2025P | 2026P | 2027P | 2028P | 2024P - 2028P | | | | |
| Cálidda | 29 | 115 | 111 | 44 | 13 | 6 | 8 | 182 | | | | |
| Transmisión | 81 | 207 | 215 | 232 | 139 | 56 | 56 | 698 | | | | |
| TGI | 14 | 28 | 58 | 46 | 32 | 31 | 33 | 200 | | | | |
| Trecsa & EEBIS | 11 | 33 | 37 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 60 | | | | |
| Contugas | 6 | 11 | 8 | 18 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 42 | | | | |
| Dunas Group | 11 | 29 | 30 | 24 | 19 | 23 | 25 | 121 | | | | |
| Adquisiciones | | 34 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 152 | 455 | 459 | 375 | 223 | 122 | 124 | 1,303 | | | | |

The total CAPEX executed during 4Q23 was USD 151.9 M, USD 32.8 M less compared to the CAPEX executed in 4Q22 (USD 119.1 M), mainly explained by a lower CAPEX execution in Cálidda (USD -20.3 M), a subsidiary that represents 19% of the CAPEX executed during the quarter, in line with the execution of the 2022 - 2026 investment plan and asset maturity.

Market risk update

Regarding financial instruments, it is worth highlighting the change in the disaggregation of debt cash flows during 4Q23:

- GEB sustainable bond issuance: on November 7, 2023, bonds were issued in the international capital market for USD 400 M, the resources of which were used for the full payment of the syndicated loan (nominal value USD 319 M) that had maturity in July 2024. In this way, GEB's debt increased by USD 81 M.
- Cash flows for the next five years: although it is true that the Group's COP 4.9 trillion (T) of debt implies coupon/interest cash flows between the years 2024 and 2047, 60% of these debts end during the next five years.
- **By amount,** financial obligations, related according to the debtor or issuing company, that exceed 5% of the total debt correspond to:
 - GEB: syndicated loan November 2027 (11.5%), international bonds May 2030 (9.1%), International Bond November 2033 (8.1%) and Banco Davivienda's loan 2032 (6.1%)
 - TGI: international bond November 2028 (12.2%) and Club Deal Loan, local banking (7.2%)
 - Cálidda: international bond December 2026 (7.1%)
 - Contugas: syndicated loan September 2024 (7.0%)

Strategic risk update

- In TGI there was a materialization of the Risk of "Non continuity of critical business functions", emergency event with restriction without suspension of service. La Belleza Vasconia section. Repair cost COP 1.8 M.
- Similarly, in TGI, there was a financial impact on the business due to internal conflicts in the country (social), at the entrance to the Los Naranjos village in La Belleza Vasconia. Blockades and threats of more blockades were reported, demanding TGI and OCENSA to







invest in paving roads and vehicular bridges for several regions of Santander, not only at the point of impact. Agreements were reached with the community.

- In Conecta, the breach of the contract between TRECSA and the Government of Guatemala due to unjustified delay by TRELEC in electromechanical assembly and supply of equipment for the LT 69 kv bays, delayed the recognition of the annual fee USD 1.4 M (4 months).
- In ElectroDunas, regulatory changes were presented that were unfavorable to the interests of the company. Change of criteria in the determination of the Power Balance Factor (PBF) with a negative economic impact of PEN 350 M / month.
- No materialization of strategic risks was reported in GEB, Enlaza, Contugas and Cálidda. No new risks were identified during the period.

4Q23 ESG progress

For the third consecutive year, GEB entered the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) of MILA (Latin American Integrated Market) and Emerging Markets, ranking in the top 5 worldwide in the Gas Utilities industry and positioning itself as the first company in the world in the social dimension in the same industry.

Environment

Climate Change:

- In the subsidiaries Enlaza, Contugas, Electrodunas, Conecta and GEB Corporativo, ISO 14064 was implemented, including inventory calculation and reports for verification.
- To measure the carbon footprint in the subsidiaries Enlaza, Contugas, Electrodunas, Conecta and GEB Corporativo, the procedures were documented under ISO 14064.
- Climate change risk and opportunity matrices were prepared, under the recommendations of the TCFD for the subsidiaries Contugas, Conecta and Electrodunas.
- The emissions reduction path for GEB and subsidiaries was built, and it was presented to the Boards of Directors of Calidda, TGI and Enlaza.
- The contract was signed to prepare the climate change adaptation plan for TGI.

Environmental management:

- Corporate guidelines for biodiversity management were defined.
- The protocol for emergencies and environmental contingencies was structured in TGI.
- Phase 1 of the contract began to define a fauna and flora monitoring plan in areas surrounding the TGI infrastructure.
- Publication of the La Guajira Bird Guide by Enlaza with the support of Corpoguajira and the AGO. The guide offers a complete description of 285 species in 216 pages, with 32 inserts. Classifies each bird according to family, size, geographical location, origin, type of food and altitudinal range, with exclusive images that advocate for the preservation and promotion of each species.
- Contugas signed the joint work agreement with SERNANP until 2025 to strengthen environmental awareness in the region. In addition, it signed two agreements with the community of Santa Cruz de Villacurí and the Keiko Sofía Fujimori Association, for the development of construction projects and execution of a project to plant 2,000 trees respectively.







Social

Human Rights (HR) and Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI):

- Contugas, Conecta, and Electrodunas completed due diligence on human rights. With this, 100% of GEB's controlled subsidiaries have a human rights due diligence system.
- Cálidda, Conecta, TGI, and Enlaza included the risk of human rights violations in their strategic risk matrix. To date, 4 of 6 subsidiaries have this risk in their risk matrix.
- GEB trained 94% of social, environmental, and property managers of its transmission business (Enlaza) in dialogue, negotiation, and conflict resolution with a focus on Human Rights and DEI.
- A special category of Human Rights was included in the Business Group's Ethical Channel.
- GEB received the Gender Equity Award granted by the Bogotá Chamber of Commerce.
- 73% of GEB and Enlaza workers were trained in human rights through an e-learning course, and 208 people at the Business Group level took the "Well-being, equity and human rights" course at Universidad de los Andes.

Social impact

- GEB launched the "100K CLIMA" call within the framework of its "Legacy for the Territories" program and in alliance with the United States Department of State; the Santo Domingo Foundation; Partners of the America and the United States Department of Agriculture. With a contribution of USD 250,000, the GEB promotes with this call academic exchanges of professors and students from regional universities in Colombia with universities in the United States on issues related to energy transition and climate change.
- GEB began the implementation of the "Legado La Guajira" program in Albania and Maicao that seeks to train 120 people in entrepreneurship and employability.
- In December 2023, GEB completed the training of more than 4,000 people in Bogotá, in technical skills, energy transition and soft skills, within the framework of the "All to the U" program in alliance with the District Agency for Higher Education, the Science and Technology ATENEA and National University.
- As of December 2023, the GEB together with its allies has benefited more than 5,600 people in its areas of influence through "Legacy for the Territories" that promotes training in areas relevant to the energy transition. More than 40% of this population were women or diverse population.
- Enlaza implemented the fiber optic pilot with the use of energy transmission infrastructure, bringing internet connectivity to 10 educational institutions in Riohacha in La Guajira.
- TGI concluded the leadership and entrepreneurship training process for 288 women in La Guajira, Casanare, Meta and Tolima.
- Cálidda completed the implementation of 12 soup kitchens, and completed training in financial education, nutrition, health, empowerment and leadership for more than 2,300 leaders.
- Electrodunas completed the implementation of the "Affective Schools" program focused on the development of socio-emotional capabilities, benefiting 1,163 students from 11 schools, 48 teachers and more 300 families from 7 towns distributed in 7 districts of the Province of Ica, Juan José Salas, San José de Los Molinos, San Juan Bautista, Pueblo Nuevo, Pachacutec and La Tinquiña.







Governance

- The Board of Directors approved in ordinary session No. 1700 on November 30 the Integrated System of Corporate Sustainability Governance whose purpose is to direct and promote the Sustainability Strategy throughout the Business Group, developing tools to monitor the set goals in the Corporate Strategic Plan and identify the risks and opportunities in the face of the challenges faced by different businesses.
- The report on acquisitions and disposals of GEB shares by the recipients of the Share Trading Policy was presented to the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee as part of its function of monitoring the negotiations carried out by the board members. directors of the Group and its administrators, with the shares issued by the Company.
- As part of the strategy to consolidate Corporate Governance within the Business Group, the Corporate Affairs Department has carried out conversations with the different areas of GEB and its subsidiaries in order to socialize the governance measures that have been adopted to strengthen decision-making processes, as well as the importance of Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) commitments as the foundation of the GEB Sustainability Strategy, in accordance with the provisions of the Business Group Agreement signed in 2022.

Regulatory updates during 4Q23 and later

| Country | Resolution | Scope | Business Segment | Status | |
|----------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| | CREG 702 005-2023 | Temporary additions are made to the commercial aspects of the supply of the wholesale natural gas market established in CREG Resolution 186, 2020 | Natural Gas | Draft | <u>See</u> <u>More</u> |
| | CREG 101 025-2023 | It establishes the opportunity to assign firm energy obligations of the Reliability Charge for the periods between December 1, 2025 to November 30, 2026 and December 1, 2026 to November 30, 2027 | Energy Generation | Definitive | <u>See</u> <u>More</u> |
| ë | CREG 101 022-2023 | Whereby numeral 4.5 of annex 1 of CREG Resolution 022 of 2001 is modified, related to the guarantees provided by the users of the projects of the calls for the expansion of the STN. | Transmission | Definitive | <u>See</u> <u>More</u> |
| Colombia | CREG 101 026-2023 | Whereby some calculation parameters are determined and the discount rate is defined for the remuneration of the provision of electric energy service through Individual Solar Photovoltaic Solutions, SISFV, in Non-Interconnected Areas | Various | Definitive | <u>See</u> <u>More</u> |
| | CREG 101 028-2023 | Whereby Resolution CREG 119 of 2007 is amended based on Article 126 of Law 142 of 1994 to allow the termination of the tariff option and the recovery of accumulated balances. | Electric Energy Commercialization | Definitive | <u>See</u> <u>More</u> |
| | CREG 101 029-2023 | Modification of the rate recognized for the accumulated balances of the tariff option | Electric Energy Commercialization | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| | CREG 705 005-2023 | To extend the validity of the formulas for the calculation of consumption subsidies. | Various | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |





| | CREG 701 028-2023 | Whereby transitory rules are adopted in the Wholesale Energy Market exchange price during the period of the El Niño Phenomenon. | Various | Draft | <u>See</u> more |
|------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| | MME 2236 2023 | Whereby Decree 1073 of 2015 is added to Decree 1073 of 2015 in order to partially regulate Article 235 of Law 2294 of 2023 of the National Development Plan 2022 - 2026 in relation to Energy Communities in the framework of the Just Energy Transition in Colombia. | Various | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| | MME 40745 2023 | By which the transportation by Multiphase Pipeline is regulated and other provisions are issued. | Natural Gas | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| | MME 40611 2023 | By which measures are adopted to give continuity to the provision of the domiciliary public electric energy service during the period of low hydrology and eminent arrival of the El Niño Phenomenon. | Energy Various | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| | MME 40619 2023 | Whereby transitory measures are adopted for electricity exports during the El Niño Phenomenon 2023-2024. | Energy Generation | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| | MME 40718 2023 | Whereby Resolution number 40619 of October 14, 2023 is amended. | Energy Generation | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| | MHCP Decreto 1637 de 2023 | Creation of a FINDETER direct credit line with a compensated rate to provide working capital and/or liquidity resources to electric energy distributors and commercializers that have applied for the tariff option. | Energy Commercialization | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| 72 | Osinergmin N° 204-2023- OS/CD | Board of Directors Resolution approving the Average Gas Price and the Average Transportation Cost for the Application Period from December 2023 to February 2024 of the Natural Gas Distribution Concession by Pipeline Network in Lima and Callao. | Natural Gas Distribution | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |
| Perú | Osinergmin N° 205- 2023-OS/CD | Resolution of the Board of Directors approving the Average Gas Price and the Average Transportation Cost for the Application Period from December 2023 to February 2024 of the Concession of the Natural Gas Distribution System by Duct Network in the Ica area. | Energy Distribution | Definitive | <u>See</u> more |





Results Controlled Companies





| Table №11 - Financial metrics GEB Transmission | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | | | |
| Revenue | 198 | 335 | 137 | 69.4 | 724 | 1,056 | 332 | 45.8 | | | |
| Gross income | 131 | 212 | 81 | 62.1 | 487 | 689 | 202 | 41.5 | | | |
| EBITDA | 139 | 228 | 89 | 64.1 | 517 | 725 | 208 | 40.1 | | | |
| EBITDA Margin | 70% | 68% | -2.2 pp | | 71% | 69% | 0 | -3.9 | | | |
| Operational income | 126 | 192 | 66 | 52.0 | 463 | 653 | 190 | 41.1 | | | |

| Table №12 - Revenue by asset type | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--|--|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var\$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | | |
| Base System Assets | 41 | 52 | 11 | 26.8 | 177 | 185 | 8 | 4.6 | | |
| Tender Call Assets | 122 | 224 | 102 | 84.2 | 416 | 651 | 235 | 56.4 | | |
| Private Contracts | 9 | 14 | 6 | 63.9 | 33 | 38 | 5 | 15.3 | | |
| Contributions | 27 | 35 | 9 | 33.1 | 98 | 143 | 45 | 45.4 | | |
| Total | 198 | 326 | 128 | 64.5 | 724 | 1,016 | 292 | 40.4 | | |

Energy and Gas Regulatory Commission (CREG for its Spanish acronym):

Publication of Resolution CREG 501 020 of 2023, which approves the asset base and the necessary parameters to determine the remuneration of Enlaza - Grupo Energía Bogotá S.A.S. E.S.P. in the National Transmission System. Transfers the representation of GEB's assets of use to Enlaza. The CREG reports that the resolution becomes enforceable as of November 28, 2023.

Ministry of Mines and Energy (MME):

- Resolution MME 40629 of October 24, 2023, modifies the Start-up Date (FPO for its Spanish acronym) of the Chivor II Norte project, object of the Public Call UPME 03-2010. The resolution resolves to grant 222 calendar days as of October 25, 2023, consequently, the FPO of the project is June 2, 2024.)
- Resolution MME 40647 of November 1, 2023, modifies the FPO of the project Refuerzo Suroccidente, project UPME 04-2014. The resolution resolves to grant 482 calendar days from November 2, 2023, consequently, the FPO of the project is February 27, 2025.
- Resolution MME 40666 of November 9, 2023, resolves an appeal of the Loma STR project: Whereby an appeal for reconsideration filed against Resolution No. 40511 of August 15, 2023, is resolved". The resolution resolves to grant 82 calendar days as of August 15, 2023, consequently, the FPO of the La Loma 110 Kv Substation project, object of the Public Call UPME STR 13-2015, is November 5, 2023.
- Resolution MME 40687 of November 22, 2023, modifies the FPO of the Loma STR project, object of the Public Call UPME STR 13-2015. The resolution resolves to grant 82 calendar days as of November 5, 2023, consequently, the project's FPO is January 29, 2023







- Resolution MME 40692 of November 24, 2023, modifies the FPO of the Bonda Río Córdoba project, object of the call UPME 10 20. The resolution resolves to grant 197 calendar days starting December 1, 2023, consequently, the FPO of the project is June 16, 2024.
- MME Resolution 40735 of December 15, 2023 modifies the FPO of the Norte project, object of the UPME 01-2013 call. The resolution resolves to grant 282 calendar days starting on December 16, 2023, consequently, the FPO of the project is September 22, 2024.
- MME Resolution 40736 of December 15, 2023 modifies the FPO of the Second Circuit Cuestecitas La Loma project. The resolution resolves to grant 909 calendar days starting January 1, 2024, consequently, the FPO of the project is June 27, 2026.
- CREG Resolution 501 020 of 2023: By which the asset base and the parameters necessary to determine the remuneration of Enlaza Grupo Energía Bogotá S.A.S. are approved. E.S.P. in the National Transmission System. Transfers the representation of USO assets from GEB to Enlaza.

| Table N°13 - GEB Transmission General Overview | 4Q23 |
|---|-------|
| Infrastructure availability (%) | 99.9% |
| Compensation for unavailability (%) | 0.1% |
| Maintenance program compliance (%) | 98.9% |
| Participation in the transmission activity in (%) | 21.0% |

Projects:

- Project UPME STR 13 2015 La Loma 110 kV substation and associated transmission lines: Early entry into operation on December 5, 2023, implying that the project had no compensation to the system.
- UPME Project 06 2017 Colectora S/E and Colectora- Cuestecitas and Cuestecitas- La Loma 500 kV lines: The licensing process is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2024. For the Cuestecitas- La Loma-CLL section, as of December 2023, construction is 36.50% complete.
- UPME Project 01-2013 Sogamoso-norte-Nueva Esperanza substation and associated 500 kV transmission lines: awarded on May 7, 2014. The current official commissioning date is September 22, 2024.
- UPME Project 04-2014 south-western 500 kV reinforcement: Following the development of the Environmental Impact Assessment process by ANLA for section II of the project, the process continues to be suspended by the environmental authority due to a request for a pronouncement from the Directorate of the National Authority for Prior Consultation-DANCP of the Ministry of the Interior. As of December 30, 2023, the project is 74.59% complete and the construction of sections I and III is underway to start operations in the first half of 2024.
- Membrillal Project, Bolivar 230kv substation connection and associated transmission line: through Resolution 1694 notified to GEB/ENLAZA on October 25, 2023, the Corporación Autónoma Regional del Canal de Dique-CARDIQUE, responds to the appeal for reconsideration of the project.
- UPME 10 2019: Río Córdoba–Bonda Line (TERMOCOL) 220kV: On December 12, 2023, the Environmental Impact-EIA Section II study was filed with ANLA.

| Table N°14 - Project Status | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | Progress | RAP (USD M) | DEIO* | | | | |
| UPME Projects | | | | | | | |
| Tesalia | 100% | 10.9 | 1T23 | | | | |
| Chivor II 230 kV | 69% | 5.5 | 2T24 | | | | |
| La Loma STR 110 kV | 100% | 7.0 | 1T24 | | | | |
| Sogamoso Norte 500 kV | 52% | 21.1 | 3T24 | | | | |







| Refuerzo Suroccidental 500 kV Colectora 500 kV Río Córdoba–Bonda 220kV Begonia | 75% 31% 37% 16% | 24.4 21.5 1.2 | 1T25 3T25 2T24 1T25 |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Private Projects | | 3.7 | |

^{*}Date of entry into operation does not include any extensions that may be generated later.



| Table N°15 - Financial metrics TGI | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------|------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| USD M | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 97 | 133 | 36 | 36.7 | 401 | 472 | 71 | 17.7 |
| Operating income | 53 | 77 | 24 | 45.7 | 224 | 281 | 57 | 25.5 |
| EBITDA | 73 | 105 | 32 | 43.5 | 315 | 379 | 64 | 20.3 |
| EBITDA Margin | 75% | 79% | 3.7 pp | | 79% | 80% | 1.7 pp | |
| Net income | 43 | 38 | -5 | -12.5 | 113 | 155 | 42 | 37.1 |
| Gross Debt / EBITDA | 3.1x | 2.4x | | | | | | |
| EBITDA / Financial expenses | 4.6x | 3.7x | | | | | | |

International credit rating:

Fitch - Corporate Rating - Sep. 01 | 23:

BBB, stable

Moody's - Bond Rating - Feb. 02 | 24:

Baa3, negative

TGI reflects an increase in operating revenues during 4Q23, mainly due to the change in the remuneration methodology for the natural gas transportation service adopted by Resolution CREG 175 DE 2021, regarding the change to COP for fixed and variable charges that remunerate the investment. For further information, consult TGI's quarterly results report at: https://www.grupoenergiabogota.com/inversionistas/centro-de-resultados

| Table Nº16 - TGI General Overview | 4Q23 |
|-----------------------------------|------|
| Transported volume - Average Mcfd | 496 |
| Firm contracted capacity – Mcfd | 639 |



| Table N°17 - Financial metrics Cálidda | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|------|----------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| USD M | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 197 | 234 | 37 | 18.8 | 827 | 867 | 40 | 4.8 |
| Adjusted revenue* | 95 | 106 | 11 | 12.1 | 369 | 382 | 13 | 3.6 |
| Operational income | 50 | 43 | -7 | -14.0 | 182 | 180 | -2 | -1-1 |
| EBITDA | 61 | 57 | -4 | -6.2 | 225 | 230 | 5 | 2.1 |
| EBITDA Margin - Revenue | 31% | 24% | -7.0 pp | | 27% | 27% | -0 pp | |
| EBITDA Margin - Adjusted revenue | 64% | 54% | -10.5 pp | | 61% | 60% | -0.9 pp | |
| Net Income | 28 | 24 | -4 | -14.3 | 102 | 101 | -1 | -1.0 |
| Gross Debt / EBITDA | 3.5x | 3.9x | | | | | | |





| FRITDA | / Financial | expenses |
|--------|-------------|----------|
| | | |

7.2x 7.6x

At the end of 4Q23,

- Total invoiced volume increased by 4.3% vs. the previous year, explained by the higher demand from the generation sector due to adverse weather events and irregular rainfall periods, added to the higher consumption of the NGV sector due to the improvement in the competitiveness of natural gas as a result of the increase in the price of substitute hydrocarbons and the higher conversion of vehicles to NGV thanks to the financing granted by the State through the FISE⁷.
- The system for using hydrogen in heaters was evaluated and designed, which will be put into operation during 2024. These hydrogen heaters emit less CO2 (4% less) and require less natural gas consumption (8% less).

For more information see Cálidda's quarterly report at: https://www.grupoenergiabogota.com/en/investors/results-center

| Table №18 - Cálidda General Overview | 4Q23 |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Accumulated customers | 1,782,596 |
| Potential customers | 2,362,735 |
| Total extension of the network (Km) | 17,169 |
| Sold volume (Mcfd) | 817.7 |
| Network penetration (%) | 75.4% |



| Table N°19 - Financial metrics Contugas | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|----------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| USD'000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | | | |
| Revenue | 1,367 | 22,250 | 20,883 | 1527.9 | 60,177 | 76,728 | 16,551 | 27.5 | | | |
| Gross income | -5,143 | 11,836 | 16,979 | -330.1 | 32,959 | 40,507 | 7,548 | 22.9 | | | |
| Gross margin | -376% | 53% | 429.5 pp | | 55% | 53% | -2.0 pp | | | | |
| Operational income | 2,348 | 3,852 | 1,504 | 64.1 | -5,882 | 10,533 | 16,415 | -279.1 | | | |
| EBITDA | -8,985 | 7,960 | 16,945 | -188.6 | 20,448 | 27,307 | 6,859 | 33.5 | | | |
| EBITDA Margin | -657% | 36% | 693.2 pp | | 34% | 36% | 1.6 pp | | | | |
| Net Income | -2,919 | -1,016 | 1,902 | -65.2 | -19,211 | -10,214 | 8,996 | -46.8 | | | |

The capex executed in Contugas in 4Q23 amounted to USD 6,045 M compared to USD 1,697 M in 4Q22, in line with the execution of the five-year investment plan 2023.

| able N°20 – Overview | 4Q23 |
|---|--------|
| Number of customers | 89,905 |
| Volume of Sales (Mcfpd) | 33 |
| Transported Volume (Mcfpd) | 721 |
| Firm contracted capacity (Mcfpd) | 19 |
| Network Lenght (km) Distribution + transportation | 1,774 |

⁷ Energy Social Inclusion Fund for its Spanish acronym









ElectroDunas

| Table N°21 - Financial m | etrics Elect | rodunas | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| PEN '000s | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 135,059 | 141,479 | 6,420 | 4.8 | 488,583 | 540,753 | 52,169 | 10.7 |
| Gross income | 47,568 | 47,177 | -391 | -0.8 | 170,441 | 178,966 | 8,525 | 5.0 |
| Gross Margin | 35.2% | 33.3% | -1.9 pp | | 34.9% | 33.1% | -1.8 pp | |
| Operational income | 27,295 | 32,369 | 5,074 | 18.6 | 97,204 | 104,642 | 7,438 | 7.7 |
| Operational Margin | 20.2% | 22.9% | 2.7 pp | | 19.9% | 19.4% | -0.5 pp | |
| EBITDA | 40,710 | 45,461 | 4,752 | 11.7 | 147,638 | 156,266 | 8,628 | 5.8 |
| EBITDA Margin | 30.1% | 32.1% | 2.0 pp | | 30.2% | 28.9% | -1.3 pp | |
| Net Income | 15,057 | 20,047 | 4,990 | 33.1 | 53,638 | 57,642 | 4,004 | 7.5 |

- The capex executed in Electrodunas as of December 2023, had a higher execution (USD 22.4 M) with respect to the budget (USD 21.0 M) due to the increase in new supplies (+91% with respect to the budget).
- The Board of Directors of Dunas Energía approved a contribution of USD 2.0 M for the incorporation of Consorcio Eléctrico Yapay S.A., concessionaire of the transmission projects "Enlace 500 kV Huánuco Tocache -Celendín Trujillo, extensions and associated substations" and "Enlace 500 kV Celendín Piura, extensions and associated substations", which total 1,054 kilometers of transmission lines.

| Table N°22 – Overview | 4Q23 |
|--|-----------|
| Energy Sales of ELD (MWh) | 1,269,420 |
| Energy Sales to own customers (MWh) | 940,457 |
| Energy Sales from third-parties using ELD networks (MWh) | 328,963 |
| Energy Purchases and own generation (MWh) | 1,101,855 |



| Table N°23 - Financial me | etrics PPC | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|-------|---------|-------|--------|--------|---------|-------|
| PEN '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 7,239 | 7,224 | -15 | -0.2 | 28,915 | 29,518 | 603 | 2.1 |
| Operational income | 4,078 | 4,829 | 751 | 18.4 | 18,708 | 18,357 | -351 | -1.9 |
| Operational Margin | 56.3% | 66.8% | 10.5 pp | | 64.7% | 62.2% | -2.5 pp | |
| EBITDA | 6,582 | 7,064 | 481 | 7.3 | 27,447 | 28,549 | 1,102 | 4.0 |
| EBITDA Margin | 90.9% | 97.8% | 6.8 pp | | 94.9% | 96.7% | 1.8 pp | |
| Net Income | 1,908 | 3,541 | 1,632 | 85.5 | 10,284 | 10,746 | 462 | 4.5 |







| Table N°23 - Financial metrics Cantalloc | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|---------|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| PEN '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 16,823 | 21,703 | 4,879 | 29.0 | 49,920 | 65,130 | 15,210 | 30.5 |
| Operational income | 2,085 | 4,471 | 2,386 | 114.4 | 5,637 | 11,936 | 6,299 | 111.7 |
| Operational Margin | 12.4% | 20.6% | 8.2 pp | | 11.3% | 18.3% | 7.0 pp | |
| EBITDA | 2,261 | 5,157 | 2,896 | 128.1 | 6,265 | 13,891 | 7,626 | 121.7 |
| EBITDA Margin | 13.4% | 23.8% | 10.3 pp | | 12.5% | 21.3% | 8.8 pp | |
| Net Income | 2,029 | 2,900 | 871 | 42.9 | 4,400 | 7,499 | 3,099 | 70.4 |



| Table N°25 - Financial | metrics Trecs | 3 | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------|---------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| USD '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 5,830 | 6,290 | 460 | 7.9 | 20,921 | 24,407 | 3,486 | 16.7 |
| Gross income | 4,705 | 4,920 | 214 | 4.6 | 16,832 | 20,148 | 3,317 | 19.7 |
| EBITDA | 3,725 | 3,588 | -136 | -3.7 | 13,410 | 16,458 | 3,049 | 22.7 |
| EBITDA Margin | 63.9% | 57.1% | -6.8 pp | | 64.1% | 67.4% | 3.3 pp | |
| Net Income | -1,045 | -5,068 | -4,023 | 385.2 | 358 | -11,018 | -11,376 | -3181.4 |

In Trecsa, the profit for the quarter was impacted by higher financing expenses derived from the activation of the projects and by expenses related to SBLC's⁸ (USD 4.0 thousand) as collateral for the BAC Credomatic long-term loan refinanced in November 2023.

| Table N°26 - Financia | l metrics EEBIS | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| USD '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 2,579 | 2,364 | -214 | -8.3 | 9,354 | 9,653 | 300 | 3.2 |
| Gross income | 2,043 | 1,958 | -85 | -4.2 | 7,856 | 8,607 | 751 | 9.6 |
| EBITDA | 1,979 | 1,891 | -88 | -4.4 | 7,635 | 8,409 | 774 | 10.1 |
| EBITDA Margin | 76.7% | 80.0% | 3.2 pp | | 81.6% | 87.1% | 5.5 pp | |
| Net Income | 86 | 273 | 187 | 218.0 | 637 | 1,975 | 1,338 | 210.1 |

In EEBIS, operational continuity was given to the energized assets in 2018, as well as at the consolidated level, the construction of the San Gabriel substation was completed, corresponding to a private project with the client Cementos Progreso.

| Table N°27 - Financial metrics Conecta Energías ⁹ | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--|
| USD '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | |
| Revenue | - | 851 | 851 | - | - | 851 | 851 | - | |
| Gross income | - | 799 | 799 | - | - | 799 | 799 | - | |
| EBITDA | - | 784 | 784 | - | - | 784 | 784 | - | |
| EBITDA Margin | - | 92.0% | - | - | - | 92.0% | - | - | |
| Net Income | - | 563 | 563 | - | - | 563 | 563 | - | |

⁸ Standby Letter of Credit.

⁹ Results of "Transnova" transmission asset in Guatemala, acquired during 2023.







Results Non- Controlled Companies



| Table N°28 - Financial me | etrics Enel Co | lombia | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|-------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Operating Revenue | 3,516 | 4,331 | 815 | 23.2 | 12,224 | 16,736 | 4,512 | 36.9 |
| Contribution Margin | 2,024 | 1,539 | -485 | -24.0 | 7,254 | 7,791 | 537 | 7.4 |
| EBITDA | 1,698 | 1,252 | -446 | -26.3 | 6,328 | 6,614 | 286 | 4.5 |
| EBITDA Margin | 48.3% | 28.9% | -19.4 pp | | 51.8% | 39.5% | -12.2 pp | |
| EBIT | 1,138 | -338 | -1,476 | -129.7 | 5,087 | 1,952 | -3,135 | -61.6 |
| Net Income | 646 | -337.6 | -984 | -152.2 | 2,961 | 1,952 | -1,009 | -34.1 |

- During 4Q23 the contribution margin was COP 1.5 T, of which "31% comes from the Colombia generation segment, "60% from the distribution business in Colombia and the remaining 9% corresponds to Central America.
- During the second half of 2023, the El Niño phenomenon generated higher costs of energy purchases in the spot market (energy exchange) due to hydrological conditions in the country.
- In the last quarter of 2023, the Guayepo I&II photovoltaic project began its testing phase, positioning it as the largest photovoltaic plant under construction in Colombia and one of the largest in South America (installed capacity of 486.7 MW).

For further information check the press release published by Enel Colombia in: https://www.enel.com.co/es/inversionista/enel-colombia/boletines-y-reportes.html

| Table N°29 - Enel Colombia General Outlook | 4Q23 |
|--|-------------------|
| Colombia Generation | |
| Enel Colombia Generation (Gwh) | 15,959 |
| Total Sales (Gwh) | 21,615 |
| Plant Availability (%) | 87.0% |
| Central America Generation | |
| Enel Colombia Generation (Gwh) | 2,192 |
| Installed capacity | 705 |
| Distribution | |
| Number of customers | 3,861,884 |
| Market share (%) | 20.0% |
| Domestic energy demand (Gwh) | 79,973 |
| Enel Colombia area - energy demand (Gwh) | 16,510 |
| Average energy loss rate (%) | 7.51% |
| Controlling company | Enel Energy Group |
| GEB shareholding | 42.5% |









| Table N°30 - Financial metrics ISA | A CTM | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| USD '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 52 | 63 | 11 | 20.1 | 205 | 235 | 30 | 14.6 |
| Operational income | 27 | -2 | -30 | -108.8 | 121 | 106 | -15 | -12.2 |
| EBITDA | 50 | 60 | 10 | 20.5 | 198 | 228 | 30 | 15.0 |
| EBITDA Margin | 95.2% | 95.5% | 0.3 pp | | 96.7% | 97.1% | 0.4 pp | |
| Net Income | 21 | -7 | -28 | -135.0 | 72 | 61 | -11 | -15.4 |
| Net debt / EBITDA | 5.6x | 5.0x | | | | | | |
| EBITDA / Financial expenses | 3.9x | 4.0× | | | | | | |

- The Private Investment Promotion Agency (ProInversion) in Peru, awarded ISA, in consortium with Grupo de Energía de Bogotá (GEB), the construction, operation and maintenance of two projects with more than 1,000 km of electric transmission circuit, with a referential CAPEX of USD 833 M.
- The execution and financing of this project will be carried out through the company Consorcio Eléctrico Yapay S.A., where GEB and ISA will exercise joint control, thanks to the capitalization of Dunas Energía (a subsidiary of GEB) to the concessionary company. This will allow both GEB (through Dunas) and ISA to have a 50% shareholding in CEY each.

| Table №30 – CTM General Outlook | 4Q23 |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Market demand (GWh) | 4,946 |
| Market share (%) | 39.8 |
| Infrastructure availability (%) | 100 |
| Maintenance program compliance (%) | 95 |
| Transmission lines (Km) | 4,750 |
| Controlling company | ISA |
| GEB shareholding | 40% |



| Table N°32 - Financial metrics ISA | REP | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------|---------|-----------|--------|-------|-------|----------|--------|
| USD '000 | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var\$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 47 | 52 | 5 | 10.2 | 182 | 197 | 15 | 8.2 |
| Operational income | 24 | 26 | 2 | 7.2 | 98 | 105 | 7 | 7.4 |
| EBITDA | 35 | -107 | -142 | -402.8 | 137 | 0 | -137 | -100.0 |
| EBITDA Margin | 74.5% | -204.5% | -278.9 pp | | 75.2% | 0.0% | -75.2 pp | |
| Net Income | 16 | 17 | 1 | 3.6 | 64 | 67 | 3 | 4.2 |
| Net debt / EBITDA | 1.8x | 1.4× | | | | | | |
| EBITDA / Financial expenses | 12.1x | 10.6x | | | | | | |

ISA REP received a USD 66 M ("COP 252 B) loan from Export Development Canada in order to refinance existing financial obligations and address its investment plan.







| Table N°33 - ISA REP General Outlook | 4Q23 |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Market demand (Gwh) | 4,946 |
| Market share (%) | 28 |
| Infrastructure availability (%) | 98 |
| Maintenance program compliance (%) | 96 |
| Transmission lines or Grid (Km) | 6,318 |
| Control | ISA |
| GEB participation | 40% |



| Table N°34 - Financial m | etrics Argo (IFRS) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|--------|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| BRL M | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 271 | 233 | -38 | -14.0 | 1,178 | 1,000 | -178 | -15.1 |
| EBITDA | 246 | 198 | -49 | -19.7 | 1,098 | 907 | -191 | -17.4 |
| EBITDA Margin | 91.0% | 85.0% | -6.0 pp | | 93.2% | 90.7% | -2.5 pp | |
| Net Income | 177 | 135 | -42 | -23.5 | 575 | 599 | 24 | 4.1 |
| Net Margin | 65.4% | 58.2% | -7.2 pp | | 48.8% | 59.9% | 11.1 pp | |
| Assets | 10,592 | 11,080 | 488 | 4.6 | | | | |
| Equity | 4,803 | 5,382 | 579 | 12.1 | | | | |
| Gross Debt | 3,944 | 3,611 | -333 | -8.4 | | | | |
| Net Debt | 3,521 | 2,883 | -637 | -18.1 | | | | |

- Argo shows a lower IFRS revenue in 4Q23 vs 4Q22 (BRL -38M) mainly due to: i) lower IPCA in the comparison period, as well as in the full year (4.56%) in 2023 vs (5.78%) in 2022, reflected in lower revenue from monetary variation in the Contract asset, and ii) lower construction revenues compared to the previous year.
- Argeb, composed of 5 concessions (Argo V to Argo IX), was acquired at the end of 2023. Argo has 62.5% of the economic rights but does not consolidate Argeb's figures as it is a company in joint control with Gebbras, therefore, it records them through the equity method.

| Table №35 - Financial metrics Argo (Regulatory) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|--|
| BRL M | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % | |
| Revenue | 198 | 189 | -9 | -4.5 | 750 | 812 | 62 | 8.2 | |
| EBITDA | 175 | 163 | -12 | -6.8 | 667 | 728 | 62 | 9.2 | |
| EBITDA Margin | 88.0% | 85.9% | -2.1 pp | | 88.9% | 89.7% | 0.8 pp | | |
| Net Income | 108 | 66 | -43 | -39.3 | 219 | 274 | 56 | 25.4 | |
| Net Margin | 54.7% | 34.8% | -19.9 pp | | 29.2% | 33.8% | 4.6 pp | | |

 Argo closed 2024 with a cumulative regulatory EBITDA margin of 89.7%, an improvement over the previous year (88.9%).







| able N°36 - Financial metri | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|----------|-------|--------|--------|---------|-------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 297 | 355 | 58 | 19.7 | 1,123 | 1,127 | 4 | 0.4 |
| EBITDA ¹⁰ | 455 | 399 | -56 | -12.4 | 1,455 | 1,453 | -1 | -0.1 |
| EBITDA margin | 153.2% | 112.2% | -41.0 pp | | 129.5% | 128.9% | -0.6 pp | |
| Operational income | 206 | 340 | 134 | 65.2 | 1,285 | 1,249 | -36 | -2.8 |
| Operational margin | 69.3% | 95.6% | 26.4 pp | | 114.4% | 110.8% | -3.6 pp | |
| Net Income | 152 | 256 | 105 | 68.9 | 1,107 | 1,012 | -95 | -8.6 |
| Net margin | 51.1% | 72.2% | 21.1 pp | | 98.5% | 89.7% | -8.8 pp | |

- As of September 2023, Promigas reported an EBITDA of COP 1.5 T and a Net Income of COP 1.0 T at consolidated level.
- The long-term and short-term national ratings were ratified at AAA and F1+ by Fitch Ratings. Likewise, the international ratings were BBB- and Baa3 by Fitch Ratings and Moody's Investors Service, respectively, both with a stable outlook. At the same time, the subsidiaries GdO, Surtigas and CEO were ratified AAA by Fitch Ratings.
- In Peru, with Quavii, the first liquefied natural gas station in the north of the country was put into operation to serve heavy-duty vehicles.

| Table №36 – Overview | 4Q23 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|
| Gas pipeline network (Km) | 3,289 |
| Installed capacity - maximum (mmcfpd) | 1,153 |
| Contracted capacity (mmcfpd) | 893 |
| Accumulated customers (mm) | 6.8 |
| GEB shareholding | 15.2% |



| able N°38 - Financial metrics Vanti | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| COP B | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var \$ | Var % | 12M22 | 12M23 | Var \$ | Var % |
| Revenue | 922 | 963 | 41 | 4.5 | 3,371 | 3,806 | 435 | 12.9 |
| Operational income | 83 | 283 | 200 | 240.0 | 448 | 733 | 285 | 63.6 |
| EBITDA | 95 | 270 | 175 | 184.1 | 493 | 757 | 264 | 53.5 |
| EBITDA Margin | 10.3% | 28.1% | 17.8 pp | | 14.6% | 19.9% | 5.3 pp | |
| Net Income | 67 | 337 | 270 | 403.6 | 349 | 690 | 341 | 97.5 |
| Net debt / EBITDA | 1.2× | 0.8x | | | | | | |
| EBITDA / Financial expenses | 14.5x | 16.9x | | | | | | |

In August 2023, Vanti paid the second installment of dividends for the 2022 fiscal year.

¹⁰ The EBITDA calculation includes the equity method for COP 241.9 M for 4Q23 and COP 156.4 M in 4Q22, without which the EBITDA margin would be 44% and 32%, respectively.







| Table N°38 – Overview | 4Q23 |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Sales volume (Mm3) | |
| Customers | 2,523,096 |
| Controlling company | Brookfield |
| GEB shareholding | 25% |





Annex: Consolidated Financial Statements

| Table N°39 – Quarterly Consolidated Income Statements COP bn | 4Q22 | 4Q23 | Var | Var % |
|---|--------|--------|------|--------|
| | | | | |
| Natural gas distribution | 924 | 1,076 | 152 | 16.4 |
| Natural gas transportation | 470 | 526 | 55 | 11.7 |
| Power transmission | 262 | 306 | 44 | 17.0 |
| Power distribution | 176 | 139 | -37 | -21.0 |
| Total revenue | 1,833 | 2,047 | 214 | 11.7 |
| Natural gas distribution | -688 | -774 | -86 | 12.6 |
| Natural gas transportation | -193 | -183 | 10 | -5.1 |
| Power transmission | -85 | -139 | -55 | 64.7 |
| Power distribution | -108 | -47 | 61 | -56.4 |
| Total costs | -1,073 | -1,143 | -70 | 6.6 |
| Gross result | 760 | 903 | 144 | 18.9 |
| Administrative expenses | -214 | -285 | -71 | 33.2 |
| Other revenue (expenses), net | 33 | 10 | -23 | -70.5 |
| Results of operating activities | 579 | 628 | 50 | 8.6 |
| Financial revenue | 168 | 56 | -112 | -66.7 |
| Financial expenses | -284 | -354 | 70 | 24.6 |
| Difference in foreign exchange revenue (expense), net | 97 | 71 | -25 | -26.2 |
| Participation Method | 468 | 8 | -460 | -98.4 |
| Profit before taxes | 1,027 | 409 | -618 | -60.2 |
| Expense for income tax | -79 | 87 | 167 | -210.1 |
| Expense for deferred tax | -128 | -162 | -35 | 27.0 |
| Net income | 819 | 334 | -485 | -59.2 |
| Controlling participation | 767 | 296 | -471 | -61.4 |
| Non-controlling participation | 53 | 38 | -14 | -27.5 |

| COP bn | Dec-22 | Dec-23 | Var | Var % |
|--|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| ASSET | DCC 22 | DCC 25 | Vui | V U1 70 |
| CURRENT ASSET | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,478 | 2,290 | 812 | 54.9 |
| Investments | ., 0 | 0 | 0.2 | - |
| Trade debtors and other accounts receivable | 1,261 | 1,406 | 150 | 11.5 |
| Accounts receivable from related parties | 154 | 213 | 60 | 38.7 |
| Inventories | 346 | 455 | 109 | 31.6 |
| Tax assets | 189 | 234 | 45 | 23.7 |
| Hedging operations | 692 | 382 | -310 | -44.8 |
| Other non-financial assets | 86 | 86 | 372 | 0.4 |
| Assets classified as held for sale | 181 | 0 | -181 | -100.0 |
| Total current assets | 4,385 | 5,066 | 681 | 15.5 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures | 15,556 | 14,053 | -1,503 | -9.7 |
| Property, plant, and equipment | 17,013 | 15,922 | -1,091 | -6.4 |
| Assets for right of use | 78 | 58 | -20 | -26.2 |
| Investment properties | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Investments | 17 | 57 | 40 | 230.0 |
| Trade debtors and other accounts receivable | 306 | 276 | -30 | -9.9 |
| Goodwill | 623 | 553 | -70 | -11.3 |
| Intangible assets | 8,608 | 7,304 | -1,304 | -15.1 |
| Tax assets | 123 | 207 | 84 | 68.2 |





| Deferred tax assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| Other non-financial assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | -15.4 |
| Total non-current assets | 42,355 | 38,459 | -3,896 | -9.2 |
| Total assets | 46,740 | 43,526 | -3,215 | -6.9 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Financial obligations | 1,075 | 2,135 | 1,059 | 98.5 |
| Trade creditors and other accounts payable | 825 | 742 | -83 | -10.1 |
| Lease obligations | 40 | 27 | -14 | -33.8 |
| Accounts payable to related parties | 0 | 1 | 0 | 99.7 |
| Derivative financial instruments for hedging | 125 | 268 | 143 | 114.6 |
| Provisions for employee benefits | 148 | 140 | -8 | -5.1 |
| Other provisions | 150 | 130 | -20 | -13.3 |
| Income received in advance | 21 | 70 | 48 | 227.4 |
| Tax liability | 177 | 154 | -23 | -12.8 |
| Other non- financial passives | 19 | 15 | -4 | -20.4 |
| Total current liabilities | 2,582 | 3,682 | 1,101 | 42.6 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Financial obligations | 19,268 | 16,493 | -2,775 | -14.4 |
| Trade creditors and other accounts payable | 54 | 62 | 8 | 14.0 |
| Lease obligations | 67 | 45 | -22 | -32.8 |
| Tax liabilities | 0 | 0 | 0 | 100.0 |
| Employee benefits | 98 | 123 | 25 | 25.6 |
| Provisions | 567 | 552 | -15 | -2.7 |
| Income received in advance | 57 | 55 | -2 | -2.7 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 2,770 | 3,003 | 233 | 8.4 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 22,881 | 20,333 | -2.548 | -11.1 |
| Total liabilities | 25,463 | 24,016 | -1,447 | -5.7 |
| EQUITY | | • | • | |
| Issued capital | 492 | 492 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Premium in placement of shares | 838 | 838 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Reserves | 4,841 | 5,693 | 851 | 17.6 |
| Cumulative results | 8,069 | 7,803 | -266 | -3.3 |
| Other Comprehensive Result | 6,262 | 4,082 | -2,179 | -34.8 |
| Total equity form controlling entity | 20,503 | 18.908 | -1.594 | -7.8 |
| Non-controlling participation | 775 | 602 | -174 | -22.4 |
| Total equity | 21,278 | 19,510 | -1,768 | -8.3 |
| Total liability and equity | 46,740 | 43,526 | -3,215 | -6.9 |
| , | , | , | -, | 2.2 |





| Table №41 – Cash Flow Statement | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|
| COP bn | Dec-22 | Dec-23 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Consolidated profit for the period | 3,027 | 2,768 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income with net cash provided by | | |
| operating activities: Income tax | 576 | 612 |
| Income from equity method in associates and joint ventures | -2,096 | -1,719 |
| Financial expenses | 1,020 | 1,480 |
| Financial income | -259 | -271 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 836 | 979 |
| Loss on sale or disposal of fixed assets | 7 | 1 |
| Impairment of accounts receivable, net | 0 | 33 |
| Exchange difference, net | -154 | -280 |
| Provisions (recovery), net | -85 | 0 |
| Lease interest | 0 | 0.0 |
| Provisions (recovery), net | 80 | 75 |
| Taxed paid | 0 | 0 |
| Derecognition of intangible assets | 0 | 10 |
| Lease contract termination | 0 | -24 3,664 |
| Net showers in an eveting appets and lightliting | 2,951 | 3,004 |
| Net changes in operating assets and liabilities | E 47 | 004 |
| Trade and other receivables | 547 | -681 |
| Inventories Tax assets | -40 0 | -156 -293 |
| Other non- financial assets | -234 | -295 -8 |
| Trade creditors and other payable | 44 | -52 |
| Employee benefits | -10 | -15 |
| Provisions | 147 | -48 |
| Other liabilities | -11 | 47 |
| Tax liabilities | 0 | 179 |
| Liabilities for rights of use | -61 | 0 |
| Taxes paid | -371 | -378 |
| Net cash flow provided (used in) by operating activities | 2,963 | 2,258 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENTS ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Capitalization in subordinated companies | -386 | -8 |
| Capitalization in affiliated companies | -962 | 0 |
| Consideration paid in the acquisition of the joint venture | -1,132 | 0 |
| Dividends received | 1,841 | 1,647 |
| Income from the sale of fixed assets | 0 | 0 |
| Interest received | 40 0 | 506 -2 |
| Related party loans Investments in financial assets | 0 | -2 -147 |
| Acquisition of property, plant and equipment | -1,190 | -733 |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | -716 | -619 |
| Assets acquisition - Transnova | 0 | -83 |
| Net cash Flow provided (used in) from investing activities | -2,506 | 561 |
| CASH FLOW OF FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | , | |
| Dividends paid | -1,920 | -2,196 |
| Interest paid | -872 | -1,539 |
| Loans received | 3,187 | 6,596 |
| Lease payments | 0 | -58 |
| Paid loans | -1,121 | -4,744 |
| Related payable accounts - associates | 0 | 0 |
| Net Cash Flow provided (used in) financing activities | -727 | -1,941 |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | -270 | 879 |
| Cash acquired in the business combination | 44 | 0 |
| Effect of changes in the exchange rate on cash held under foreign currency CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINING OF THE PERIOD | 56 1,692 | -67 1,478 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD | 1,522 | 2,290 |
| CASH AND CASH EGGIVALENTS AT THE LIND OF THE FERIOD | 1,044 | 2,230 |





Definitions

- ANLA: National Environmental License Authority.
- B: billion.
- Contract with interruptions or interruptible: A written agreement in which the parties agree not to assume any commitment for the continuity of the supply or transport of natural gas during a specified period, The service may be interrupted by either party, at any time and under any circumstance, by giving advance notice to the other.
- CREG: Colombian Energy and Gas Regulation Commission.
- Firm Contract or that which guarantees firmness: is a written contract in which the agent guarantees the supply service of a maximum amount of natural gas and/or the maximum transportation capacity, without interruptions, during a defined term, except during the days established for scheduled maintenance and works, This contract modality requires physical support.
- GBTUD: Giga British Thermal Unit per-Day.
- GWh: Gigawatt-hour.
- Km: kilometers.
- kV: kilovolt.
- m: thousands.
- MBTU: Thousands of British Thermal Units.
- M: million.
- MME: Ministry of Mine and Energy.
- Mcfpd: Million cubic feet per day.
- MW: megawatts.
- MWh: megawatts per hour.
- pp: percentage points.
- STN: National Transmission System.
- STR: Regional Transmission System.
- UPME: Colombian Mining and Energy Planning Unit.
- T: trillion.



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